

# RESILIM-0: Resilience in the Limpopo Basin Program – Olifants

## **MILESTONE 1: INCEPTION REPORT**

# under the Lower Olifants catchment Agricultural Support Initiative (AgriSI)

Implemented by



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### Outline

An inception planning session was held for all staff from AWARD, MDF (Mathlathini Development Foundation) and SOL (seeds of Light) involved in the process on 27 and 28<sup>th</sup> October. The purpose was to complete all inception plans. Annex 1 contains the programme and attendance register.

The process included revisiting the proposal and aligning the framework of implementation there with the deliverables and milestones in the implementation framework as a starting point to develop a detailed activity plan for the period. Also included were the M&E (monitoring and evaluation) planning; the project management process; procedures and protocols; and the media and communications plan.

### **Participants**

SEEDS OF LIGHT: Wendy Fraser, Penelope Colly (Penelope.colly@gmail.com), Nick

Vorono, Trygive Nxumalo

MAHLATHINI: Erna Kruger, Sylvester Selala

AWARD: Richard Hatfield, Bigboy Mkhabela, Julia Williams, Ancois de Villiers, Derick du

Toit, Sharon Pollard

### Contents

This report contains the following sections:

- 1. Work plans (overall project as well as upcoming milestone detailed plan).
- 2. Activity implementation timeline.
- 3. Project management plan.
- 4. Monitoring, Evaluation, Reporting & Learning (MERL) plan.
- 5. Media and communications strategy.
- 6. Sub-grant procedures and protocols.
- 7. Action points and further decisions going forward.

### 1. WORK PLANS

### **Project work plan**

The project activities work plan for the duration of the assignment (14 months running from November 2016 to December 2017), including allocation of days between the two main field officers (Sylvester Selala of MDF and Trygive Nxumalo of SOL), and organised according to Milestone periods, can be found in Annex 2.

### **Upcoming milestone period work plan (November-December 2016)**

It was agreed that the schedule of Project Milestones will dictate the planning schedule for detailed work planning. As such, detailed activity planning was carried out for the next upcoming Milestone (November-December 2016).

At the same time, a periodic planning and review schedule was incorporated within each Milestone period. It was agreed that two forward planning sessions (see purple boxes) and two progress review sessions (see pink boxes) would take place each month.

Both of these can be found in Annex 3.

### 2. ACTIVITY IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE

A summary of activity sets' timeline can be found in Annex 4

### 3. PROJECT MANAGEMENT PLAN

Implementation planning is to coincide with the milestones and a project implementation committee consisting of all field based and management staff will meet at the end of each milestone (bi-monthly) to do a review and planning session, work on progress towards indicators, compilation of monitoring report and progress reports.

Monthly reports will be compiled by the field team (BB, Trygive, Sylvester, Nick, Penelope) using the Monthly Assessment Form (See Annex 6). And full monthly reports are to be submitted by Erna Kruger to AWARD by the 5<sup>th</sup> of each month.

### **Reporting process**

- Baselines; group and individual/homestead
- B2O reports; for each event (field team) (see Annex 7)
- Monthly planning calendars and activity plans
- Monthly team review summaries (field and management team) MERL
- Monthly reports (management team)
- Garden monitoring forms (local facilitators and field team)
- Farmers self-assessment group process (2x/yr) (farmers, local facilitators, field team)
- Open days

### **Summary of project implementation process**

- In each of the five chosen villages for which the VSteep contextual assessment has been done, namely
  - 1. Mabins A (Botshabelo) and Mabins B
  - 2. Willows
  - 3. Finale
  - 4. Oaks
  - 5. Lepelle (and perhaps Tswenayne, resources allowing)
  - Undertake a baseline and visioning process which includes development of scenarios for defining objectives and then implementation planning of climate change adaptation strategies as well as identification of local innovations for further support and development
- Set up learning groups (15-25 participants) and choose a local facilitator using volunteers, community level criteria and implementation team criteria.
- Learning group participants need to be within walking distance of one another and will work together as a social support system. Meetings and learning sessions are

- held at participants' homesteads. The venues are rotated and peer reviews and monitoring sessions are held at the start of each gathering.
- 3 Days of training in soil and water conservation, gardening techniques (soil management) and nutrition and diversification is provided for each learning group
- Participants undertake;
  - 1. individual farmer level experimentation processes.
  - 2. work together on joint activities identified by the group for broader scale rehabilitation and SWC (soil and water conservation).
  - undertake technical innovation demonstrations at collaboratively chosen homesteads such as rain water harvesting and storage structures, small green houses and micro drip irrigation systems.
  - 4. have monitoring sessions to check how the implementation is going from time to time (bi monthly).
  - 5. cross visits to other villages doing similar work.
  - 6. open days and stakeholder involvement of for example the Ground Truth team, the Local municipalities etc to engage in the CC adaptation processes the participants are working with.
- Local facilitators support learning groups by doing garden visits and support for each participant every month, to help with implementation of farmer experiments and also do garden level monitoring. They provide a link between AWARD and community and assist with setting up meetings and processes, arrange for joint working activities, help to identify the sites for technical innovation demonstrations, provide logistical support and also provide a channel for feedback from the community regarding process and implementation. They work 8-10 days per month and receive a stipend of R200/day. Local facilitator will also come together for further learning and monitoring sessions between themselves and be provided with opportunities for deepening their own practice through cross visits.

### 4. MONITORING, EVALUATION, LEARNING AND REPORTING (MERL) PLAN

### **Draft framework & indicators**

(See Theory of Change for targets and overall indicators in Annex 6)

In addition, regular (monthly) summaries of progress using the following indicators will be made:

Indicator	Overall target
No of participants in learning groups	100
No of learning groups	5
No of local facilitators	5
Percentage of participants engaged in CC adaptation	1-2 (45%)
responses	2-3 (25%)
	>3 (10-15%)
No of participants experimenting with new innovations	
-local	15
-co-designed	45
No of participants showing increased knowledge	80

Percentage of participants engaged in collaborative activities	45%
Percentage of participants with improved livelihoods	
-increased availability of food	40%
-increased income	5%
-increased diversity of activities and livelihoods options	5%
Qualitative assessments;	Stories, case studies,
-stakeholder engagement	photo diaries,
-Increased understanding and agency to act towards	collaborative work
increased resilience	catalogue
- Adaptation and innovations into local context	
-Potential for increased resilience	
-Social engagement	

#### Baseline

- A baseline interview: (homestead assessment form Annex 6) that gives an indication of present situation and implementation (not a full livelihoods questionnaire, but includes some aspects of livelihoods.
- Facilitator observation checklist: Interviewers/ facilitators assist the household participant to draw a homestead land use plan with present practises and flag issues and potential innovations (what they are thinking of doing now) for the household. In addition, they make certain observations that are needed for the overall planning processes
- **Homestead drawing**: This shows the whole homestead and present infrastructure, gardening, water flow, erosion, other SWC management issues and present innovations and or activities (e.g. jo-jo tanks, boreholes, furrows, orchard, etc.). This will be returned to the participant in a plastic sleeve once copies are made- so that they can use that for planning their experimentation.
- A baseline report: Compilation of information from the group level climate change assessments, five fingers, scenario development and design of CC assessment sheets

### **Ongoing monitoring**

- **Garden monitoring form (Monthly):** To be filled in monthly for each participant by and with the local facilitator to assess CC adaptation and gardening implementation. These compiled with photographs of the garden into
- Photo diaries (quarterly): Summary compilation of profiles of participants, along with photos that are used to compile photo diaries (for media and communications dissemination)
- Stories or case studies (2-3): Within the themes of managing adaptively, thinking systemically, innovation towards positive change, self -organisation leading to collective action and learning together. (for media and communications dissemination)
- Catalogue of collaborative action: All collaborative work to be recorded into short visual reports for sharing with other stakeholders and between villages
- **Group reflections and open days** (x5): Using the cc assessments and plans review progress and also level of change and impact- incorporating defined indicators
- **Team reflections (monthly):** Reflection on CC adaptation using indicators alongside general progress, issues, learning and planning. (project implementation committee)

### **Evaluation**

- Progress reports (x6) and final report - based on project deliverables and milestones.

Upon close out a final close out report stating zero continued financial responsibility from USAID will be written

### 5. MEDIA AND COMMUNICATIONS STRATEGY

The function is largely around communicating the information from the sub-grant to AWARD. MEDIA: media desk, clips, newspaper stories, small handbooks, (Portfolio of farmers). People's Weather for example is making a series of stories and will link into this project as well.

The particular area of practise with its indicators need to be communicated as stories (successes, challenges -video clips). The elements of this reporting will be provided by AWARD.

The M&E – MERL plan go together. In monthly reports we need to put in information about the type of information this is – can some go to newspapers, articles etc.

Who will we be communicating with? Need to decide on the partners for this...

- SADC countries and issues here; board messages
- Interested audiences: Government departments, Municipalities and messages to communicate
- Involved audiences; those interested and linked as stakeholders; Local economic development desk, traditional authorities, water users associations, – messaging strategy
- Committed audiences farmers we are working with. are we producing handbooks and handouts, other tools and PRA materials for example-personalised niche messaging

### **Products and Tools**

- Digital: websites available page of the project new stories interesting things "Our Olifants" – is a social media platform for all role players. Civil society can put on their own information
- Digital: AWARD website is more formal and required
- Printed; booklets, briefs, flyers (not really for farmers) calling cards, banners, pullups, reports, maps, ad hoc materials and support:
  - Project brief/overview needs to be produced 4-8 pages explains with pictures (Objectives, who you working with...)
  - Reports; USAID branding; disclaimer, acknowledgements public consumption not the standard reports....may be at the end of the contract...
  - Monthly reports; just summaries
  - Quarterly report and annual reports M&E report

- Photos and profiles; stakeholder profiles (to go back to the farmer and track her story) – the champions- local facilitators. -Folders on the computer... all photos must be properly captioned.
- o Photos of the catchment; context river, soil, mountain, rain, farming...
- User generated content; farmers, stakeholders
- o Media: Phidilis will run this; media releases, special features (People's Weather)
- Indicator protocol sheets (No's per quarter) ----Get from DERICK

Print, electronic media and publicity products are required outside of the monthly, quarterly, etc. reports, aligned very closely to the M&E budget (commitment).

### **Proposed products**

- Photo diaries
- Case studies
- Catalogue of collaborative actions
- Open day and group reflection reports

### Marking and branding

Marking and branding will follow provisions in Section M2 of the USAID FAA Standard Provisions as appropriate.

### 6. SUB-GRANT PROTOCOLS AND PROCEDURES

- Overall, post-award administration requirements were presented and clarified by AWARD; in addition to standard operating procedures. The following are specific highlights noted by MDF:
- Work always through AWARD. USAID may check records and also require a
  presentation to be made. Also need access to records for milestone verification. All
  records etc. belong to USAID and need to be submitted to them in full.
- Any after contract amendments of milestones (Dates and activities) have to go through USAID.
- Milestones: Documentation is sent to Richard who does the verification of the documentation prior to sending through to finance (Margaret and Derick and Julia) for payment. Site visits are a requirement this will probably be covered by work BB is doing.
- Payments: USAID pays out monthly advance payments if milestones are going to change if timing changes- then we need to let USAID know. Approval for changes usually does not take a long time. Invoice per milestone rather than actual expenditure-with supporting documentation.
- Outstanding items for signing of the contract is the materials and equipment listing and quotes.
- Cost share: SOL providing cost share for Try's time.

### 7. ACTION ITEMS AND FURTHER DECISIONS GOING FORWARD

- Draft framework for the M&E find areas where we collect numbers; areas of data collection, this is how these are the people who will do it.
- Project management plan is the USAID document of objectives, outputs, verifiable indicators, quarterly target breakdown.
- When and how to incorporate conservation agriculture techniques for field cropping.
- Tight agenda; Inclusion of technical innovations now in November? Contact Chris Stimie ERNA.
- Review again the budget for meals for community workshops. R25pp is too little. Need R50pp to be able to use local catering groups RICHARD.
- Potential for back dating materials orders for present round (beg Nov workshops). As a decision made to include some training aspects here already to accommodate for late start and people's requirement for action RICHARD, JULIA.
- Facilitator checklist for individual homestead assessments to include pin pointing potential local facilitators and volunteers for technical innovations (Green house, RWH storage and drip irrigation) as well as field cropping (CA) ERNA.
- Homestead assessment form ERNA.
- Quotes for materials ERNA, SYLVESTER.
- Framework for Communication and media strategy DERICK.
- Project Electronic Folder: cloud or drop box JULIA.
- Templates for MERL reports; monthly quarterly, yearly RICHARD.
- Voucher for milestone payments to Erna JULIA.

### **Annex 1: Inception planning program**

# MALHATHINI – SEEDS OF LIGHT Sub Grant Inception Planning Program Oct 27-28, AWARD offices, Hoedspruit

### DAY 1

Start 0930

Session 1: 0930-1030

Work planning (overall review of sub-grant work plan) (Malhathini, SOL, BB, Richard)

Break 1030-1100

Session 2: 1100-1300

First 3-months detailed planning (Nov-Dec-Jan) including project management (roles & responsibilities, coordination / review / decision-making process & structure) (Malhathini, SOL, Julia, BB, Richard, Margaret?)

Lunch 1300-1400

Session 3: 1400-1530

M & E plan (process, baseline, indicators review) (Malhathini, SOL, BB, Richard)

### DAY 2

Start 0930

Session 4: 0930-1100

Orientation (AWARD/USAID procedures/protocols etc. as required) (Mahlathini, SOL, Derick, Julia, BB, Richard, Margaret?)

Break 1100-1130

Session 5: 1130-1230

Media & Comms plan (Derick, BB, Richard, Fidelis?)

Lunch 1230-1430

**Session 6**: 1430-1630

Technical – how we embed climate change + bio-monitoring incorporation (Malhathini, SOL, Sharon, BB, Taryn/Ancois, Thabo, Richard)

# **Annex 2: Project work plan according to Milestone**

MILESTONE 2 - Progress Report #1: October- November 2016							
Salaries	EK 6 dys + 6 pds + SS 21 dy + 21 per diems + 1		4 communities	Baseline data	Baseline report	6	4
Fringe Benefits	flight + Nov ground transport		(Mabins A&B combined, Willows,	Learning groups established	Location map and names		
Travel expenses	+ SOL monthly involvement (NV	Setting the scene	Finale) each x 3 days meetings	Community climate mapping	Community maps		
Contracted services	2 dy + TG 8 dy + transport + per			Established champions identification process	Documentation		
Local facilitators	facilitators 21 dy + 12 training day			Visioning & scenario development	Vision and scenarios record	4	3
Training Indirect costs	lunches	lunches 4 co (Ma Learning & com Mentoring Fina		New practice training	Training manual, attendance registers	4	4
				Champions training and	Photos, farmer work plans		
			Ç	days trainings	mentoring	Garden monitoring PROGRESS REPORT	6 1
					TOTAL DAYS	21	16
MILESTONE 3 - Progress Report #2: December 2016- January 2017							
Salaries Fringe Benefits	DEC EK 3 dys + 3 pds + SS 12 dy		4 communities (Mabins A&B			9	5

Contacted Services (CS) Contracted services (SoL) Travel expenses  Local facilitator	+ 12 pds + ground transport + 1 flight + 15 pds + CStime 3 dy + transport Pret- HDS + 3 pds + SOL monthly involvement + local facilitators	Intro to Innovations & experimentation	combined, Willows, Finale) each x 3 days trainings	Understand current practices, introduce new ideas,  Individuals farm experimental designs  New practice training	Learning materials, demonstrations, photographic records  Individual experimentation plans  Training manual, attendance registers	3	
Small infrastructure Learning Group Materials	12 dys + 10 training day lunches + 3 units small infrastructure	Learning & Mentoring		Champions training and mentoring	Photos, farmer work plans  Garden monitoring  Monitoring &	2	
Workshops Indirect Costs	rkshops (1/village). JAN EK 4 dys + 4 pds			Farmer ongoing self- monitoring, -assessment and learning	assessment data, Group session minutes	2	4
		transport + SOL monthly involvement + local facilitator 13 days + 6 training  Setting the	2 communities (Oaks, Lapelle) each x 3 days meetings	Baseline data  Learning groups established  Community climate mapping	Baseline report  Location map and names  Community maps	2	
		Scene		Established champions identification process  Visioning & scenario development	Documentation Vision and scenarios record	2	4
		· ·	2 communities (Oaks, Lepelle) each x 2 days trainings	New practice training  Champions training and mentoring	Training manual, attendance registers  Photos, farmer work plans  Garden monitoring  BASELINE REPORT  TOTAL DAYS	4 1 25	3 0 16
MILESTONE 4 - Progress Report #3: February- March 2017					TOTALDATO		10
Salaries	EK 4 dy/mth + 8 pds + SS 24 dy +	Learning & Mentoring	6 communities (Mabins A&B,	New practice training	Training manual, attendance registers	8	6

Fringe Benefits Contracted Services (CS) Travel expenses Contracted services (SoL) Small infrastructure	ground transport + 1 flight + 24 pds + CStime 3 dy + transport Pret- HDS + 3 pds + SOL monthly involvement + local facilitators 24 dy + 2 village open days (lunch)		Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each x 2 days trainings	Facilitator and champion mentoring of new practice  Farmer ongoing self-monitoring, -assessment and learning	Photos, farmer work plans, garden monitoring Monitoring & assessment data. Group session minutes.		
Local facilitator  Learning Group Materials	+ 12 training day lunches	Intro to	4 communities(Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale) each 2 days/month	Clusters self-mentoring; review and planning Visits from local facilitators/champions and ongoing homestead food production monitoring (monthly for each participant)	Cluster activity records  Monitoring forms, photographs, photodiaries		
Conferences / workshops Indirect Costs		innovations and experimentation	2 communities (Oaks, Lepelle) each x 2 days trainings	Understand current practices, introduce new ideas,  Individuals farm experimental designs	Learning materials, demonstrations, photographic records Individual experimentation plans	10	4
		Networking	Villages 1 & 2 (Mabins A&B) open day (each 1 day)	Community awareness raising, demonstrations, presentations	Events, materials, photos, attendance registers	0	2
		Collaborative work	4 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale) each 2 days	Clusters; joint soil and water conservation works. Facilitation and mentoring support	Cluster activity records  OVERALL  PROGRESS  REPORT	5	5
					TOTAL DAYS	24	16
MILESTONE 5 - Progress Report #4: April-June 2017							

Progress Report #5: July - Sept 2017	EK 4dy/mth +	Learning &	6 communities		Photos, farmer work		
Indirect costs  MILESTONE 6 -					TOTAL DAYS	29	2
Conferences / workshops	_				OVERALL PROGRESS REPORT	1	
Local facilitator	_		Cluster leaders networking 1: all 6 Memetje villages reps	Exchange of experiences and learning	Events, materials, photos, attendance registers	1	
Contracted services (SoL)		Networking	Village 3 (Finale) open day (1 day)	Community awareness raising, demonstrations, presentations	Events, materials, photos, attendance registers	2	
Travel expenses	cluster leaders workshop	Collaborative work	6 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days	Clusters; joint soil and water conservation works. Facilitation and mentoring support	Cluster activity records	7	
Contracted Services (CS)	involvement + local facilitators 29 dy + 12 training day lunches + 1 village open day (lunches) + 1	Intro to innovations and experimentation	6 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days	Visits from local facilitators/champions and ongoing homestead food production monitoring (monthly for each participant).	Monitoring forms, photographs, photodiaries	8	
Salaries  Fringe benefits	EK 4dy/mth + 12pds + SS 29 dy + 29pds + ground transport + 2 flights + CStime 3 dy + transport Pret-HDS + 3 pds + SOL monthly	Learning & Mentoring	6 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days	Facilitator and champion mentoring of new practice  Farmer ongoing self-monitoring, -assessment and learning	Photos, farmer work plans, garden monitoring  Monitoring & assessment data. Group session minutes.	10	

Fringe benefits	transport + 2 flights + SOL monthly involvement + local facilitators		Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days	Farmer ongoing self- monitoring, -assessment and learning	Monitoring & assessment data. Group session minutes.		
Travel expenses	27 dy + 12 training day lunches + 2 open days (lunches) + 1 cluster leaders workshop	Intro to innovations and experimentation	6 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days	Visits from local facilitators/champions and ongoing homestead food production monitoring (monthly for each participant).	Monitoring forms, photographs, photodiaries	7	6
Contracted services (SoL)	_	Collaborative work	6 communities (Mabins A&B, Willows, Finale, Oaks, Lapelle) each 2 days Cluster leaders networking: all 6 Memetje villages	Clusters; joint soil and water conservation works. Facilitation and mentoring support	Cluster activity records  Conversation records, photos,	6	6
Local facilitator  Conferences / workshops		Networking	village 4 (Oaks) & village 5 (Lepelle) open days (1 day each)	and learning  Community awareness raising, demonstrations, presentations	Events, materials, photos, attendance registers	6	6
Indirect costs					OVERALL PROGRESS REPORT	1	0
MILESTONE 7 - Progress Report #6 : October- December 2017					TOTAL DAYS	27	24
Salaries	EK 4dy/mth + 12pds + SS 27 dy + 27pds + ground transport + 2 flights + CStime 3	Learning & Mentoring	6 communities(Mabins A, Oaks, Lapelle, Mabins B, Willows, Finale) each 2 days	Facilitator and champion mentoring of new practice	Photos, farmer work plans, garden monitoring	7	6

Fringe benefits Contracted Services (CS) Travel expenses	dy + transport Pret-HDS + 3 pds + SOL monthly involvement + local facilitators 30 dy + 12 training day lunches + 1 open			Farmer ongoing self- monitoring, -assessment and learning  Clusters self-mentoring; review and planning	Monitoring & assessment data. Group session minutes.  Cluster activity records		
Contracted services (SoL)	day (lunches)	Intro to innovations and experimentation	6 communities(Mabins A, Oaks, Lapelle, Mabins B, Willows, Finale) each 1 day	Visits from local facilitators/champions and ongoing homestead food production monitoring (monthly for each participant).	Monitoring forms, photographs, photodiaries	9	6
Local facilitator		Networking	Village 6 (Mabins A) open day (1 day)	Community awareness raising, demonstrations, presentations	Events, materials, photos, attendance registers	1	2
Conferences /workshops		Collaborative work	3 communities(Mabins B, Willows, Finale) each 3 days	Clusters; joint soil and water conservation works. Facilitation and mentoring support	Cluster activity records OVERALL PROGRESS	8	10
Indirect costs					REPORT TOTAL DAYS	2 27	24
					OVERALL DAYS	157	120

## Annex 3: Detailed upcoming milestone detailed activity plans (Nov-Dec 2016)

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
31 AWARD Baseline and training grp1	O1 AWARD Baseline and training grp1	O2 AWARD Baseline and training grp2	03 AWARD Baseline and training grp2	04 AWARD Baseline and training grp3	05	06
07 AWARD Baseline and	08 AWARD Baseline and	09 AWARD Baseline and	10 AWARD Baseline and	11 AWARD OFFICE: TEAM	12	13
training grp3	training grp4	training grp4	training grp5	MEETING: Richard, BB,		
				Sylvester, SOL		
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
AWARD TEAM			AV4400 1 1	1)//100 I I	NOTE: SOL to decide on	
PLANNING: For in interviews: Richard,	AWARD: Ind interviews:Try,	AWARD: Ind interviews:	AWARD: Ind interviews:SOL, BB,	AWARD: Ind interviews:SOL, BB,	4 days in one week, 3 days and one day or 2	
interns, BB, Trygive	BB, interns	Try, BB, interns	interns	interns	days ea week	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
AWARD: Ind		AWARD: Ind		AWARD OFFICE: TEAM		
interviews:SOL, BB,	AWARD: Ind interviews:SOL,	interviews:SOL, BB,		MEETING: Richard, BB, Trygive, SOL		
interns	BB, interns	interns		,5, 50-		
28	29	30	01	02	03	04
AWARD TEAM PLANNING		AWARD Collaborative	DEMONSTRATION DAY: All	DEMONSTRATION DAY: All	NOTE: Assuming that	
MEETING: Erna, Richard, Chris,	assessment grp 1,2, baseline day2, grp 5	work assessment grp 3,4	groups - MABINS A and B- tunnels and drip kits	groups -FINALE;  Conservation Agriculture	Nick could provide value in the	
Sylvester, BB, Nick	basedire days, gip J		cumers and drip kits	Conservation Agriculture	'construction sub-team"	
					- if that is an interest	
05	06	Notes:				

# 2016 December

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
28	29	30	01	02	03	04
O5 AWARD Baseline and training grp1	06 AWARD Baseline and training grp2	07 AWARD Baseline and training grp3	08 AWARD Baseline and training grp4	O9  AWARD Baseline and training grp5 .AWARD  OFFICE: TEAM MEETING: Richard, BB, Trygive, SOL	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	01

		Detai	led aciti	vity p	an		
					Team		
Activity	Description	Exercise	Time	Dates	members		Materials
BASELINE	Group analysis of land use systems and water management	Climate change: Time line: past, present future		310ct- 4 Nov	Erna, Sylvester, BB, Penelope- 5 days	Trygive (31st and 1st), Nick (31st), Wendy (1st)	W/s materials; flipcharts, felt tipped pens, A4 paper, plastic sleeves, prestick, flipchart stand, attendance registers, B2O report format
	Drawing out of CC issues and local adpatation  Social organisation and structures	Issues and local innovations exploration; small groups  Venn diagrams (include local innovators)	WEEK 1 and WEEK	7- 11Nov	Sylvester, BB,- 5 days	Trygive (8th and 9th), Nick (8th, 9th, 11th)	Local venue and catering; BB (R50 pp)
	INPUT: Water and soil conservaiton principles	5 fingers with some examples drawn from community and from AWARD	2: DAY 1 (all 5 groups)				
	PRACTICAL:	Demonstration of how to construct a RWH furrow that leads into a swale or cut off drain					Line level, string, poles. TOOLS: 2xpicks, 2xshowels, 2x spades, 2x hoes, bushknife
	INPUT: Water management at homestead level	Waterflow diagramming group work exercise					A4 sheets, plastic sleeves - homework for all to go home and try out
VISIONING	Project description and outline	layout of process for implementation and roles and responsibilities	WEEK 1	310ct- 4 Nov	Erna, Sylvester, BB, Penelope- 5 days	Trygive (31st and 1st), Nick (31st), Wendy (1st)	W/s materials; flipcharts, felt tipped pens, A4 paper, plastic sleeves, prestick, flipchart stand, attendance registers, B2O report format
	SWC best bet options and local assesments	Using 5 fingers create lists of present and potential innovations (gardens, fields, grazing, river, communal areas etc.), Include tehcnical	and WEEK 2: DAY 2	7- 11Nov	Sylvester, BB,- 5 days	Trygive (8th and 9th), Nick (8th, 9th, 11th)	Local venue and catering; BB (R50 pp)

		innovation demonstrations, and group activities					20
		Assess present farming practices_'traffic light'					
	PRACTICAL:	Trench beds- and planting of seed and seedlings (deep and shallow)		Every	one to collect - dis	scuss on DAY 1	manure, ash, greens, dry maize stalks dry grass and leaves, bones, old tins,
	Individual plans (minimum 80)	facilitate household level land use implementation plan (present) and hh level assessmnet of farming practices and household level interviews	WEEK 3	14-18 Nov	Trygive, BB, and interns (15,16No facilitators and K environmental m	v); plus local 2C	Individual interivews copied up. Cameras to take photos of homesteads nad gardens
		Conduct baseline interviews; and flag households suitable for techinical innovations, household with local innovations, households with issues and poential local facilitators	and 4: 2 days/week	21-25 Nov	Trygive, BB, and 2x professional interns (15,16Nov); plus local facilitators and K2C environmental monitors		List of potential people for small dams, mini tunnels, drip kits, CA experiments (8/group for fields), local innovations, and local facilitators
SET UP LEARNING GROUPS	Finalise learning groups and elect local facilitators	Set up process for eliciting local criteria and adding AWARD criteria, along with volunteers nad suggestions from individual interviews	WEEK 5 - and WEEK	28NOv- 2Dec	Erna, Sylvester, BB, and Chris Stimie- 5 days	Trygive (29th and 30th), Nick (29th)	W/s materials; flipcharts, felt tipped pens, A4 paper, plastic sleeves, prestick, flipchart stand, attendance registers, B2O report format
	Develop 2-3 scenarios of best bet options for improvement;	Community maps of farming and land use	6: day 1 all five villages	5-9Dec	Sylvester, BB,- 5 days	Trygive (6th and 7th), Nick (6th)	
		Introduce technical innovations Introduce joint activities and plan	0				

	Farmer experimentation	Introduce process; participants choose. MAKE A LIST OF INNOVATIONS for each participant  Soil and water conservation principles: start at the top, slow down, sink in - review the homestead flow and maybe do one for the new				bottles(2I), handouts on sausage tests, rulers for infiltration pit, banana seedlings for circle (From du Roi in Tzaneen), field crop seeds for shallow trenches
	INPUT:	homestead. Soils - types- bottle and sausage test and water infiltration demonstration, soil depth importance, soil organic matter - use garden examples				(millet, cowpeas, dolichos, velvet beans, From PMB), manure, dry grass, ash ,lime bonemeal, tools
	PRACTICAL:	Infiltration pits, banana circles, shallow trenches				
LEARNING AND MENTORING	Land use assessment data sheet	Collaborative development	WEEK 5 and WEEK 6: day 2 all five villages	28NOv- 2Dec		W/s materials; flipcharts, felt tipped pens, A4 paper, plastic sleeves, prestick, flipchart stand,attendacne register, B2O report format
	SPECIAL TASK: Survey of potential options for small dams and mini tunnels. Survey of options for collaborative work	·	0			
	PRACTICAL:	Go through experimentation options and see who is choosing what - put on the list				

		Bakkies with stone collected,
		shadecloth , poles, buckets,
grey water, tower gardens		manure, LOTS of ash, 50kg
and keyhole gardens-		feedbag for keyhole and
prepare and plant. If not		seedings and plants for planting-
keyhole gardens then do		veg seedlings, herbs,
double digging and ecor		multipurpose plants, spinach
circles.	5-9Dec	onion, tomato for tower garden

### **Annex 4: Activity implementation plan**

**IMPLEMENTATION PLAN** 

Mahlathini budget

AWARD budget

Key activities	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Setting the scene															
Learning and mentoring															
Experimentation and introduction to innovations															
Collaborative work															
Networking and cross visits				villag e open day		village open day	Cluster leaders	village open day		village open day	Cluster leaders	village open day		village open day	
Cross site visits															
ORC Partners meeting															
Climate change literacy & adaptive capacity					works hop 1			workshop 2			workshop 3			worksh op 4	

## Annex 5: Indicators and targets linked to theory of change

THEORY OF CH	IANGE:								
Overall Objectives		livelihoods through of Basin under different KRA 4: To reduce votategies and practions of the strategies and practical strategies.	enhancing the capaci at scenarios ulnerability to climate ices and tenable inst	borative planning and acty of stakeholders to sus change and other factoritutional arrangements	stainably managers by supporting	e natural resou	on, informed a	lifants River adaptation	
AgSI Objective			o provide support for increased adaptive capacity and resilience to the effects of climate change for households volved in agriculture in select communities of the Olifants River Catchment						
Objectives	Key activities	Activities	Outputs/milesto nes	Outcomes/deliverab les	Verifiable indicators	Climate change indicators	Time Frames	Targets	
Increased community empowerment as a result of self-organisation and collective action.	Setting the scene	Initial introductions, baseline information, climate, soil and water mapping (past, present, future),	Community participation profiles. Baselines for all participating households.	Community level analysis and increased understanding of climate change. Linkages with local stakeholders	No of communities and community members ready for collective action in climate change adaptation	2:4.8.2-14: Using CC information or vulnerabilit y assessmen ts to inform decisions and actions.	6-8 weeks _October- December	80-100 participant s	
		Visioning and scenario development	Climate change maps for participating villages	Exploration of the SES under different future scenarios, collaborative understanding of climate change impacts.	2-3 Scenarios developed at a local level with baskets of options for best practice	Developing a plan of action to respond to and build resilience to climate		Baseline report for 2-3 communiti es	
		Setting up learning groups (20-25 members /learning group), setting up the process for choosing and	Learning groups formed and local faciliators/champi ons identified	Set up learning group members, and identify CC champions	List of learning group members, and CC champions	change impacts.		5 learning groups 5 CC champions	

	Networking and cross visits	mentoring local facilitators/champi ons and parameters for support and incentives  Seasonal review and planning sessions for each learning group (2x/year). Open days for showcasing activities and creating awareness in the broader community (1/yr/village).	Seasonal review and planning sessions (x3). Open day programmes and events(2)	Increased awarness and community level organisation; collective action	Seasonal review and planning reports (x3). Open day programmes and summary reports (2)	3:4.8.2-26. Number of stakeholder s with increased capacity: use climate infomration in decision making; With increased knowledge	Jan 2017,Marc h-May 2017, July- Sept 2017, Nov 2017	35% of participant s show increased knowledge and response
		Cross visits between learning groups in the lower and middle ORB (1-2/year) and linking to and taking part in other stakeholder networking activities (1-3 /year)	Cross visits conducted inside the ORB(1-2)		Cross visit summary report (1-2)	of climate change impacts and response options.	April 2017, July2017	
Improved soil and water conservation and agroecological farming practices for increased food security	Learning and mentoring	3x 2,5 day practical homestead based learning sessions (in soil and water conservation, intensive homestead food production and conservation agriculture) for	Training outlines, manuals, handouts,material s and reports (3grps x3 trainings	Improved, diversified production. Soil and water conservation paractices implemented.	Five fingers monitoring reports. Gardening monitoring reports. Attendance registers B2O reports		October 2016 - January 2017 - 3 trainings x 2 grps. April-July 2017 - 3 trainings x 1 grp	45% of particpants implement at least 1 CC adaptation response, 25% of particpants implemnt 2-3

								26
		each of 3-5 learning groups (6- 8 week intervals).						reposnses and 5-10% implement >3. Final training manual by April 2017
		Ongoing mentoring and monitoring with further learning and support activities as required and requested (1 day/month x 12 months).	Introduction, demonstration and piloting of best practice options (new and local ideas- at least 2)	Monitoring of implementation of best practices at household level. Indentification and awarness raising around local and new best practice options (at least 2 identified and introduced)	Photo diaries, case studies, B2O reports	3:4.8.2-26. Number of stakeholder s with increased capacity: use climate information in decision making;	Oct2016- Oct2017	5 case studies developed
Livelihood diversification and supplementati on through alternative climate resistant production and alternative income production options		Focus sessions on climate change aspects and considerations to be included here (3/year).			Reports on 3 focus sessions, that include at least 2 new and or local best practice options.	With increased knowledge of climate change impacts and response options; Stakeholde rs implementing water saving	Feb 2017, August 2017	4 CC w/s impact summaries
	Experimentati on and introduction to innovations	Individual drawings of overall farm design with experimentation outlined. Individuals undertake	S&WC and agroecological practices implemented and monitored for at least 50 individuals	Monitoring of implementation of best practices at household level. Final review and reporting of the expeirmentation and	Individual experimentati on plans, and monitoring reports	strategies; Individauls diversifying incomes towards less claimte	Oct2016- Oct2017	Best practice booklet by Oct 2017

		T					21
	experiments with qualitative and quantitative monitoring.		implmentation process.		sensitive activities		
	Visits from local facilitators/champi ons and ongoing homestead food production monitoring (monthly for each participant).			Local facilitator monthly household monitoring reports, timesheets, photos		Oct2016- Dec2017	Photo diaries for at least 70% of participant s by July 2017
Collaborative work	Learning groups undertake joint soil and water conservation works in teams and implement planned activities for all households (3 days/month). Provision of technical and limited infrastructural support and incentives for these activities.	S&WC and practices implemented and monitored for learning group teams	Collaborative work strengthen local organisational and facilitation capacity and	Collaborative S&WC works catalogued and reported on. (Min of 5 sites)		Oct2016- Nov 2016. Feb-march 2017, May-July 2017, Nov- Dec 2017	35% of participant s engage in collaborati ve work at least once. Catalogue of collaborait ve work - draft by July 2017.

### **Annex 6: M&E forms**

### 1. Monthly assessment

Contributing to RESILIM-O KRA (key result area) 4: To reduce vulnerability to climate change and other factors by supporting collective action, informed adaptation strategies and practices and tenable Institutional arrangements.

The process of intervention with farmer participants will follow the chronology outlined below:

- Understanding current practices
- Develop a vision of what could be
- Discuss innovations and agree to try; sometimes with collaborative work
- Develop a farm design and plan that includes experimentation with new ideas
- Ongoing mentoring of implementation and experimentation
- Periodic cluster sessions
- Periodic monitoring and self-assessment
- And networking and cross visits (1 of each per year)
- A. On a monthly basis photographs from all field staff is to be given captions and compiled in one directory to be placed on drop box.
- B. Regular (monthly) summaries of progress using the following indicators will be made:

Indicator	Overall target
No of participants in learning groups	100
No of learning groups	5
No of local facilitators	5
Percentage of participants engaged in CC adaptation	1-2 (45%)
responses	2-3 (25%)
	>3 (10-15%)
No of participants experimenting with new innovations	
-local	15
-co-designed	45
No of participants showing increased knowledge	80
Percentage of participants engaged in collaborative activities	45%
Percentage of participants with improved livelihoods	
-increased availability of food	40%
-increased income	5%
-increased diversity of activities and livelihoods options	5%
Qualitative assessments;	Stories, case studies,
-stakeholder engagement	photo diaries,
-Increased understanding and agency to act towards	collaborative work
increased resilience	catalogue
- Adaptation and innovations into local context	
-Potential for increased resilience	
-Social engagement	

The above are to satisfy the overall USAID project indicator requirements.

C. And there are more qualitative questions to consider that can draw out change in various domains through systemic reflection.

MONTLHY		
FORM	Date	.Project
		•

Each team member who has been part of interventions at community level in the month add their figures and perspective to come up with a corroborated summary figure for the month.

Indicator	No
No of participants in	
learning groups	As per registers (with Erna and Sylvester)
No of learning groups	As per registers
No of local facilitators	Too early in process. Several people have been identified in each village as potential LF's. (How do we facilitate the choice of which one?)
Percentage of participants engaged in CC adaptation responses	1-2 ( %) See below 2-3 ( %) >3 ( %)
No of participants experimenting with new innovations -local -co-designed	Dependant on observations from HH interviews which have not yet taken place.  -
No of participants showing increased knowledge	Future dated question.
Percentage of participants engaged in collaborative activities	% Future dated question.
Percentage of participants with improved livelihoods -increased availability of	Future dated questions %
food -increased income -increased diversity of activities and livelihoods options	% %
Examples of local adaptations and innovations that have come to the for (Describe what it is who is doing it and where- with an idea of where it has come from and what the intention of the innovation/adaptation is)	The Willows; banana circle Lepelle; Mr Tsietsi Shai uses rocks and banana trees to slow erosion, planted grass for his goats watered by a pipe that leads from the tunnel waterfall. (previous foraging no longer available) Most villages use ash to purify grey water for watering gardens. The Oaks; Using government supplied drip irrigation Lepelle; Mr Tsietsi Shai is a potential local facilitator. Mabiens A; Onions being planted between other crops to support other plants and fully utilise space

Understanding: Examples of people showing an increased understanding (i) of CCA adaptation and increased agency (ii) towards increasing their resilience	Future dated question; explicit vs implicit? What qualifies as CCA vs good practises? (i)The communities already have knowledge of Climate Change although causal reasons are diverse (log per learning group). Rain patterns have shifted. Traditional farming methods no longer followed. Rains comes later, are heavier and lasts longer into the year. Now the weather is hotter than it used to be 10 years ago; extreme weather – temperature (heat not cold) and rainfall. (ii)
Actions: Examples of people showing an increased understanding (i) of CCA adaptation and increased agency (ii) towards increasing their resilience	
Examples of increased potential towards resilience	The general majority of people who attended the 'Marathon' have stated that they want to try the modalities shared. The availability of water is seen as a potential barrier.

<sup>\*</sup>For the examples the person's name and surname and village needs to be given

### 2. Project Life Change Questions:

- 1. Do we have examples or stories of how we or others are in the process of adaptive management related to CC? (adapt, reflect and respond to....) and examples of what this adaptive management is?
- 2. Do we have stories that show innovation or lack of innovation towards positive change? What insights have we gained into how innovation can lead to positive change?(INCREASED RESILIENCE)
- 3. Do we have stories that show evidence of, or an interest in self organisation towards collective action? What insights have we gained into how self organisation can lead to collective action?
- 4. Do we have stories to show that learning together is happening or that there is an interest in learning together? What insights have we gained about how to learn together?
- 5. Do we have stories of how we and or others are able to think systemically? What insights have we gained?

6. Do we have stories of how we and or others are able to be inclusive and democratic? What insights have we gained about how this can be achieved? (STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT).

### 3. Homestead assessment monitoring sheet (baseline)

Interviewer: Signature Householder: Permission

A. IDENTIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLD						
DATE:						
LOCAL MUNICIPALITY						
LOCATION; Village						
Cluster; subvillage/learning grou	р					
HOUSEHOLD NUMBER; GPS COORDINATES (give a no so the you can use that no for ID of photographs!! And take a pic of the householder, her garden and interesting innovations						
B. RESIDENTS OF HOUSE						
Head of household name & surn	ame					
Gender, age						
Person interviewed; Name, Surr	ame, Age					
Disabilities; physical, mental -	- injuries,					
chronic diseases, HIV/AIDs, be	ed ridden,					
Number of people who are perm	anent resid	ents of the househo	old. Those	e that eat and sleep in		
the household for at least 5 days	a week:					
			Male	Female		
	0 – 5					
Number of people of these	6 – 12					
ages and gender in the	13- 18					
household:	19-25					
	26-40					
	41-59					
	60+					
				<u>I</u>		

### C. LIVELIHOOD ASSETS: INCOME FROM ALL SOURCES

Read the list aloud; tick the box which corresponds to the resident members who are older than 18yrs of age. Leave rows blank for categories that do not apply.

than 18yrs of age. Leave rows blank for categories that do not apply.										
1) INCOME CATEGORY PER MONTH			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
a. Wage or casual work										
b. Income from	1) food									
family members	2) cash									
(remittance)	3) goods									
c. Income from local fa	rm produce									
d. Income from non-loc	cal farm produce									
e. Income from formal	or informal business									
f. Income from renting	dwelling									
g. Pension/disability/ot	her social grant (No									
of ea type of grant)										
h. Income Aid from	1) food									
formal organisations	2) cash									
other than Gov.	3) vouchers									
i. Other (specify)	1									
j. Refuse to answer										
k. Don't know										
I. No income										
Amount per person										
2) TOTAL AVERAG	SE INCOME/ MONTH	Per	hous	ehold	S					
Categories	Code	Categories			Code					
R0	1		R1600 – R3200			5				
R50 – R400	2		R3200	) – R6	6400			6		
R400 – R800	3	F	R6400	– R1	2800			7		
R800 - R1600	4									
		1								

### D. HOUSEHOLD ASSETS: EXPENSES FROM ALL SOURCES

Read the list aloud, circle the code that applies and complete the information for that row; if an annual expense, give a monthly estimate.

3)	EXPENSE CATEGORY	Code	Amount
a.	Food and groceries	1	Last
			month
b.	Utilities (water, electricity, etc)	2	Last
			month
C.	Transportation	3	Last month
			month
d.	Savings	4	Last month
e.	Medical	5	Last month
f.	Education (school fees, uniforms, etc.)	6	Last month
	•		
g.	Insurance (life, burial, etc.)	7	Last month
-	Debt coming home was		
n.	Debt service/repayment	8	Last month
i.	Other (energity type of)	9	Last
۱.	Other (specify type of)	9	month
j.	NONE	10	
J.	INOINE	10	
k.	Refuse to answer	11	

Garden description and size: Include a map drawing of homestead with all aspects including fencing, water sources, fruit, windbreaks, trees, vegetables, kraals. run off, dwellings, slope, aspect, erosion: Proportion of vegetable garden in use:- cultivated within the last 6 months (Put as a percentage)

PR	ESENT INFRASTRUCTURE?			
		Yes	No	Comments; On quantity, state, interesting things
a.	Fencing			
b.	Jo-Jo tanks			
C.	Municipal water supply – tap			
	in yard - reliability- how often			
	it works			
d.	Irrigation; hoses, pipes,			
	buckets, bottles			
e.	Other – local innovations –			
	boreholes			

PRESENT PRACTISES?			
	Yes	No	Detailed description of what is there) (Name all types of plants present, with some idea of quantity)
a) Vegetables			
b) Fruit			
c) Herbs and multifunctional plar (including windbreaks, hedge flowers)			
d) Nursery			
e) Field crops (CA)			
f) Livestock			
g) Soil fertility: (What used, how much woften) (Compost, manure (type), fertilizer, liquid manure, green manures, legumes			

h) Garden management; tillage practices (incl furrows		
i) Livestock integration:		

	Yes	No	Detailed description of what is there- list practices
Water management:			
a) Infiltration (soil structure, texture,			
organic matter,) b) Greywater use and management (filtere ash, dedicated structures)	d,		
c) Water harvesting an storage (diversion furrows, swales, bunds, small stone walls, check dams, gabions, Water conservation (organ matter, mulching)			
d)			
Soil erosion control			
<ul><li>e) contours, ditches,</li><li>f) stone lines,</li><li>g) furrows (function)</li><li>h)</li></ul>			
Soil health			
<ul> <li>i) State of soil; presence of organic matter, presence of erosion, presence of compaction (is the soil very hard just below the surface,</li> </ul>			

j)	Bed design (trench		
	beds, ridges,		
	dedicated beds and		
	paths, terraces,		
	sunken/raised beds,		
k)	Compost, improved		
	manure, green		
	manures, legumes,		
l)			
Divers	ity/ crop management		
m)	Mixed cropping		
n)	Crop rotation		
0)	Seed saving		
	Nursery/ propagation		
q)	Continuity- seedling		
	production		
r)	Natural pest and		
	disease control		
	practices		
s)			
Wild/ d	diverse plants		
t)	Indigonous or		
()	Indigenous or medicinal plants		
	Windbreaks/ hedges/		
u)	live fencing		
v)	Herbs, bee fodder,		
"	pest and disease		
	control species		
	control species		
			1

### **HOUSEHOLD PROVISIONING (comments from interviewee)**

Food provided for family; what, how much, how often (staples ,vegetables, fruit, small livestock):

Nutritional aspects of cropping:

Selling: what, how much, how often

Household observation ch	ecklist (for the interviewer)
Extent and diversity of	Columbi (Ior uno uno vieno)
garden (presence of	
resources, manure, different	
trees,	
Labour and general health	
Overall situation in the	
household (are there any	
obvious social issues)	
Any local innovations and	
interesting things (different	
plants, unusual crops – e.g.	
white sorghum, millet, jugo	
beans, herbs, wild plants,	
medicinal plants, herbs, fruit)	
Social engagement – groups,	
stokvels, church, farming,	
selling,	
Non agricultural livelihood	
activities (e.g craft, use of natural resources in the	
area, selling water? Environmental issues; soil	
degradation, erosion,	
Potential for SWC and RWH	
- are there nice paved areas,	
no of houses to collect water	
from, willingness in	
household to contribute	
labour	
Suitability for technical	
innovation (greenhouse, drip	
kits, RWH)-	
Potential as local facilitator	
Interest and potential for field	
cropping and being a CA	
volunteer	
Other	

### Annex 7: AWARD back-to-office (B20) report template

# AgriSI B2O Report

# Bringing Process Data and Statistics from the Field Back to the Office

Complete after a field event and submit to MERL via <u>richard@award.org.za</u> within a week or the last day of the month.

### 1. Making the Connection

What was the field event?	
(Workshop, meeting, course,	
conference, talk, etc.)	
Where did it take place?	
Mhan did it taka mlaas 2 (data)	
When did it take place? (date)	
Purpose of the event	
ruipose oi tile event	
No of participants (linked to	
attendance register)	
attoridanto rogiotory	
KRA and Project to which the event	KRA 1 and KRA 4
KRA and Project to which the event relates	KRA 1 and KRA 4
KRA and Project to which the event relates	KRA 1 and KRA 4
relates	KRA 1 and KRA 4
relates  Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes:	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness,	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness,	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring,	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring,	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring, monitoring, cross visits	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring,	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring, monitoring, cross visits  Name(s) of Author(s)	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring, monitoring, cross visits  Name(s) of Author(s)  Complete with colleagues where	KRA 1 and KRA 4
Intended AgriSI Outcome Towards Which the Event Contributes: Increased community analysis and understanding, increased awareness, improved practice, mentoring, monitoring, cross visits  Name(s) of Author(s)	KRA 1 and KRA 4

Who else from AWARD attended?	

### 2. TraiNet Data

To decide if the data from this event should be logged on TraiNet, please complete:

Could participants learn new information or skills relating to	
climate change, biodiversity and/or water management?	
Was there a lead facilitator or instructor?	
Was there a defined learning program with learning objectives/ outcomes?	
Was the event run/organised/initiated or funded either by the	
Sub-Grantee or by AWARD?	
Did the Sub-Grantee or AWARD make a substantial input in the	
event (e.g. a presentation or planning the program)?	

### 3. Reflections (Successes, Challenges and Learnings)

Reflect on the event and what you have learnt about the catchment <u>and your work</u>. Consider things not immediately obvious from the agenda, that struck you individually or as a collective.

What new insights did you gain from this event, or this event in relation to previous ones?	•
Please summarise any key observations regarding the context and/or about your role in the process or AWARD's work in general.	
Have any new questions emerged (from you or others) about the context and / or your work arising from this event?	•

Have you identified any new challenges regarding the context and/or your work?  Do you have any ideas as to what should / could be done about this?	•
Have you gained any new insight regarding progress in relation to the baseline conditions there were previously in this context?	•

### 4. Communications

Help us communicate about the catchment and our work.

- Submit photographs of the event to Richard.
- Send a note about potential social media posts to the Media and Communication or MERL Unit
- Did you hand out any RESILIM-O pamphlets, media packs, calling cards, reports, educational materials, etc? Please name the items and the number you distributed:

RESILIM-O material distributed	Number of Copies Distributed
Yes	